

Sunnybank State High School

Student Code of Conduct 2021-2024

Every student succeeding

Every student succeeding is the shared vision of Queensland state schools. Our vision shapes regional and school planning to ensure every student receives the support needed to belong to the school community, engage purposefully in learning and experience academic success.

Queensland Department of Education State Schools Strategy 2020-2024

Purpose

All students have a right to access and receive a quality education. Sunnybank State High School is committed to providing a safe, respectful and disciplined learning environment for all students, staff, parents and visitors. A learning environment where all members feel, safe, accepted and valued; where social and academic learning opportunities are provided for students to engage in quality learning experiences and acquire values which support lifelong learning and wellbeing; and where behaviour expectations are defined, taught, modelled and reinforced. Students are encouraged to focus on their goals by taking every opportunity offered to them through or schools the many ways to excellence focus.

The Sunnybank State High School Student Code of Conduct sets out the responsibilities and processes we use in our school to promote a productive and effective whole school approach to discipline.

Its purpose is to facilitate high standards of behaviour from all in the school community, ensuring learning and teaching in our school is prioritised and where all members of the community are able to participate positively within the school community.

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Endorsement

Principal Name:	Ms Leah Fountaine
Principal Signature:	At foundain
Date:	7 December 2020
P/C President and-or School Council Chair Name:	Mr Ben Archbold
P/C President and-or School Council Chair Signature:	B Million
Date:	7 December 2020

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Principal's Foreword

At Sunnybank, our school vision is – A community where we aspire, grow and achieve. As a school we have continued to ensure that our school motto 'Many ways to excellence' is brought to life through quality learning opportunities in academic, sporting, cultural, arts, STEM, International and extension programs.

As a learning community we value and respect everybody's right to learn and support our student's commitment to a successful future by the embedding of our school wide expectations of **Respect**, **Responsibility and Readiness** into our school learning culture every day.

These expectations have been used in the development of this Student Code of Conduct, with the aim of helping shape and build the skills of all our students to be global citizens. Our school staff believe that communication and positive connections with other people are the most valuable skills our communities need now and in the future.

Sunnybank State High School staff take an educative approach to discipline, that behaviour can be taught and that mistakes are opportunities for everyone to learn. Our Student Code of Conduct provides an overview of the school's local policies on the use of mobile phones and other technology, removal of student property and the approach to preventing and addressing incidents of bullying. It also details the steps school staff take to educate students about these policies and how students are explicitly taught the expected behaviours. Finally, it details the consequences that may apply when students breach the expected standards of behaviour, including the use of suspension or exclusion.

Students, teachers, parents and other members of the community have contributed to the Sunnybank State Secondary College Student Code of Conduct. It provides a clear explanation of what we expect from students and how we will support them to meet those expectations. Each year we will continue to review our Student Code of Conduct and our community's shared views will continue to be invaluable into the future.



P&C Statement of Support

As president of the Sunnybank State High School P&C Committee, I am proud to support the new Student Code of Conduct. The consultation process led by the Principal Ms Leah Fountaine and her team has ensured that parents have opportunities to contribute and provide feedback on the final product. This has been an important aspect in the development of the Sunnybank State High School Student Code of Conduct, as the awareness and involvement of parents is critical to ensuring all adults are able to support the students of the school to meet the set high expectations.

We encourage all parents to familiarise themselves with the Sunnybank State High School Student Code of Conduct, and to take time to talk with their children about the expectations and discuss any support they may need. In particular, we want to emphasise the systems in place to help students affected by bullying.

Bullying is a community-wide issue in which we all have a role to play in combating; however, it can have particularly devastating impacts on our young people. It is important that every parent and child of Sunnybank State High School knows what to do if subjected to bullying, regardless of where it occurs. This includes cyberbullying, through the misuse of social media or text messaging. It is important that parents and children know that schools provide support and advice to help prevent and respond to bullying, and the flowchart on page 43 provides an excellent starting point to understand how to approach the school about these types of problems.

Any parents who wish to discuss the Sunnybank State High School Student Code of Conduct and the role of families in supporting the behavioural expectations of students are welcome to contact myself or to join the Sunnybank State High School P&C Association.

It is with your support that we can work collaboratively with school staff to ensure all students are safe, supported and appropriately supported to meet their individual social and learning needs.



Consultation

The Sunnybank State High School Student Code of Conduct was developed in collaboration with our school community. Consultation was undertaken through staff meetings, teacher aide meetings, leadership meetings, PBL meetings and P&C meetings. A review of current school data relating to student achievement, attendance, school disciplinary absences and behaviour incidents, also informed the development of this document. To support the implementation of the Sunnybank State High School Student Code of Conduct, communication with the school community will occur through promotion through the school website, school newsletter and social media posts. Any families who require assistance to access a copy of the Student Code of Conduct, including translation to a suitable language, are encouraged to contact the Principal.

Review Statement

The Sunnybank State High School Student Code of Conduct will undergo annual minor updates to reflect changing circumstances, data and staff. An extensive review is conducted every four years in line with the scheduled review process for the school planning, reviewing and reporting cycle.



Learning and Behaviour Statement

All areas of Sunnybank State High School are learning and teaching environments. We consider behaviour management to be an opportunity for valuable social learning as well as a means of maximising the success of academic education programs. Our school-wide framework for managing behaviour is Positive Behaviour Learning (PBL).

The Student Code of Conduct outlines our system for facilitating positive behaviours, preventing problem behaviours and responding to unacceptable behaviours. Through our school plan, shared expectations for student behaviour are clear to everyone, assisting Sunnybank State High School to create and maintain a positive and productive learning and teaching environment. This ensures all school community members have clear and consistent expectations and understandings of their role in the educational process. For this reason, all policies and procedures in this Student Code of Conduct aim to build and strengthen relationships between all members of the school community (students, parents, staff and other local community stakeholders).

Student behaviour is guided by our school motto "Many Ways to Excellence". The school vision and values assist us to maintain a positive and productive learning and teaching environment where all school community members have clear and consistent expectations and understandings of their role in the educational process. Our teaching and learning environment at Sunnybank State High School is underpinned by the following values of:

- Respect
- Responsibility
- Readiness

The school expectations of respect, responsibility and readiness are the foundation of the Positive Behaviour Learning framework in our school.

Sunnybank State High School's proactive approach is achieved through a school-wide Positive Behaviour Learning framework which is based on our school's values of:

Respect We demonstrate respect when we behave in a considerate and well-

mannered way.

Responsibility We demonstrate responsibility when we are accountable

for ourselves, our belongings and our environment.

Readiness We demonstrate readiness when we are willing and prepared to participate

in our schooling.

At Sunnybank State High School we believe that everyone has the right to maximise the opportunities available to them and to feel safe during each school day. Therefore, everyone must accept responsibility to ensure this right. This plan provides for all activities where students are representing our school, travelling to and from school events and when wearing the school uniform.

Our school expectations have been agreed upon and endorsed by all staff and our school P&C. They are aligned with the values, principles and expected standards outlined in Education Queensland's Code of School Behaviour.



Multi-Tiered Systems of Support

Sunnybank State High School is a Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) school which utilises a multitiered systems of support (MTSS) as the foundation for our integrated approach to learning and behaviour support. This integrated model provides a preventative, differentiated model grounded in practical strategies, targeted planning and data-informed decision-making. Based on a problem-solving approach and a strong PBL framework, intervention is supported by a multi-tiered intervention system tailored to the identified needs of individual students.

Tier	Prevention Description
1	 All students (100%) in the school receive support for their academic and behavioural development. Focus is on the whole-school implementation of both the Australian Curriculum and Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) expectations. This involves: teaching behaviours in the setting they will be used being consistent when addressing challenging behaviour, while taking developmental norms and behavioural function into account providing refresher lessons and targeted recognition throughout the school year so skills are ready, and likely to be used when students need them asking students and their families for their perspectives on school climate, instruction, reinforcement, and discipline so improvements in Tier 1 may be made.
2	Targeted instruction and supports for some-students (10-15%) are more intense that Tier 1 services, providing more time and specialisation in services from a range of school-based staff to enable students to meet the required academic and behavioural standards. Tier 2 supports build on the lessons provided at Tier 1, and may prevent the need for more intensive interventions. Tier 2 supports are provided to small groups of students with similar needs, offering more time and/or detailed instruction on the Australian Curriculum or particular aspects of Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) expectations. The types of interventions offered at this level will vary according to the needs of each school's student body, but all have certain things in common: • there is a clear connection between the skills taught in the interventions and the school-wide expectations • interventions require little time of classroom teachers and are easy to sustain • variations within each intervention are limited • interventions have a good chance of working (e.g., they are "evidence-based" interventions that are matched to the student's need). Sunnybank State High School is committed to reviewing school data regarding behaviour. School data should indicate no more than 10-15% of students require targeted services provided in Tier 2.
3	Individualised services for <u>few students</u> (2-5%) who require the most intensive support the school can provide. These are usually delivered in very small groups or on an individual basis. Tier 3 supports continue to build on the lessons and supports provided at Tiers 1 and 2, becoming more individualised and more intensive until teams can identify what is needed for a student to be successful. Tier 3 supports are based on the underlying reasons for a student's behaviour (their Functional Behaviour Assessment) and should include strategies to:

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- PREVENT problem behaviour
- TEACH the student an acceptable replacement behaviour
- REINFORCE the student's use of the replacement behaviour
- MINIMISE the payoff for problem behaviour.

Tier 3 supports exist along a continuum. Many students can benefit from a simple (or brief) Functional Behaviour Assessment (FBA) that identifies unique strategies to help the student achieve success. A smaller percentage of students may require a more comprehensive FBA that includes a more thorough process for data collection, teaming, and problem solving. A much smaller percentage of students may need an intensive FBA and wraparound plan that includes personnel from outside agencies and rigorous problem solving procedures.

Sunnybank State High School is committed to reviewing school data regarding behaviour. School data should indicate that no more than 2-5% of the student population requires targets services provided in Tier 3.

Consideration of Individual Circumstances

Staff at Sunnybank SHS take into account students' individual circumstances, such as their behaviour history, disability, mental health and wellbeing, religious and cultural considerations, home environment and care arrangements when teaching expectations, responding to inappropriate behaviour or applying a disciplinary consequence.

In considering the individual circumstances of each student, we recognise that the way we teach, the support we provide and the way we respond to students will differ. This reflects the principle of equality, where every student is given the support they need to be successful. This also means that not everyone will be treated the same, because treating everyone the same is not fair. For example, some students need additional support to interpret or understand an expectation. Others may benefit from more opportunities to practise a required skill or behaviour. For a small number of students, the use of certain disciplinary consequences may be considered inappropriate or ineffective due to complex trauma or family circumstances. These are all matters that our teachers and Principal consider with each individual student in both the instruction of behaviour and the response to behaviour.

Our teachers are also obliged by law to respect and protect the privacy of individual students, so while we understand the interest of other students, staff and parents to know what punishment another student might have received, we will not disclose or discuss this information with anyone but the student's family. This applies even if the behavioural incident, such as bullying, involves your child. Parents can be assured that school staff take all matters, such as bullying, very seriously and will address them appropriately. We expect that parents and students will respect the privacy of other students and families.

If you have concerns about the behaviour of another student at the school, or the way our staff have responded to their behaviour, please make an appointment with the year level Deputy Principal to discuss the matter.

Student Wellbeing

Sunnybank State High School offers a range of programs and services to support the wellbeing of students in our school. We encourage parents and students to speak with their class teacher or make an appointment to meet with a Guidance Officer if they would like individual advice about accessing particular services.

Learning and wellbeing are inextricably linked — students learn best when their wellbeing is optimised, and they develop a strong sense of wellbeing when they experience success in learning. The <u>student learning and wellbeing framework</u> supports state schools with creating positive school



cultures and embedding student wellbeing in all aspects of school life through connecting the learning environment, curriculum and pedagogy, policies, procedures and partnerships for learning and life.

Curriculum and pedagogy

Schools build the foundations for wellbeing and lifelong learning through curriculum embedding personal and social capabilities (self-awareness, self-management, social awareness and social management) in the implementation of the P–12 curriculum, assessment and reporting framework.

Schools acknowledge the positive impact that a meaningful relationship between teacher and students can have on students' academic and social outcomes. As part of the whole school's curriculum at Sunnybank State High School, we provide age-appropriate drug and alcohol education that reinforces public health and safety messages; HIV, Hepatitis C and sexuality transmissible infections education as part of a broader sexuality and relationships education program; and ensure CPR for Life in schools skills training is provided to all Year 10 and 12 students.

Policy and expectations

Within a school community there are specific health and wellbeing issues that will need to be addressed for the whole school, specific students, or in certain circumstances.

Drug education and intervention

Sunnybank State High School implements drug intervention measures for students involved in drugrelated incidents at school, during school activities or while in school uniform. This is managed to protect the health and safety of the student/s involved, other students, school staff and the wider community.

Specialised health needs

Sunnybank State High School works closely with parents to ensure students with specialised health needs, including those requiring specialised health procedures, have access to a reasonable standard of support for their health needs whilst attending school or school-based activities.

This means that appropriate health plans are developed and followed for students with specialised health needs, that staff are aware of the student's medical condition and that an appropriate number of staff have been trained to support the student's health condition.

Medications

Sunnybank State High School requires parent consent and medical authorisation to administer any medication (including over-the-counter medications) to students. For students requiring medication to be administered during school hours, the School can provide further information and relevant forms.

For students with a long-term health condition requiring medication, parents need to provide the school with a *Request to administer medication at school* form signed by the prescribing health practitioner.

Sunnybank State High School maintains a minimum of one adrenaline auto-injector and asthma reliever/puffer, stored in the School's first aid kit to provide emergency first aid medication if required.

Mental health

Sunnybank State High School implements early intervention measures and treatments for students where there is reasonable belief that a student has a mental health difficulty. This includes facilitating the development, implementation and periodic review of a <u>Student Plan</u>.

Suicide prevention

Sunnybank State High School staff who notice suicide warning signs in a student should seek help immediately from the school Guidance Officer, Senior Guidance Officer or other appropriate staff.

When dealing with a mental health crisis, schools call 000 when there is an imminent threat to the safety of the student in the first instance, and where necessary provide first aid. In all other



situations, Sunnybank State High School staff follow suicide intervention and prevention advice by ensuring:

- the student is not left alone
- their safety and the safety of other students and staff is maintained
- students receive appropriate support immediately
- parents are advised
- all actions are documented and reported.

Suicide postvention

In the case of a suicide of a student that has not occurred on school grounds Sunnybank State High School enacts a postvention response, by communicating with the family of the student and ensuring immediate support is provided to students and staff who may be affected.

Where a suicide has occurred on school grounds or at a school event, Sunnybank State High School staff immediately enact the School Emergency Management Plan and communicate with the family of the student and ensure immediate support is provided to students and staff who may be affected.

Student Services Support Network

Sunnybank State High School is proud to have a comprehensive Student Support Network in place to help the social, emotional and physical wellbeing of every student. In addition to the assistance provided by class teachers, we have a team of professionals whose dedicated roles are to help ensure our school is an inclusive, nurturing environment.

Students can approach any trusted school staff member at Sunnybank State High School to seek assistance or advice. If they are unable to assist they will provide guidance and help ensure the student is connected to the appropriate representative of the Student Support Network.

Role	What they do	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Island Liaison Officer	provides educational counselling and support services to Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander students and communities.	
Community Elder/s	 provides support and advice for students, staff and parents in order to enhance the educational experience for Indigenous and non-Indigenous students. 	
Deputy Principal	 leads Student Support Network to promote an inclusive, positive school culture. monitors attendance, behaviour and academic data to identify areas of additional need. 	
Guidance Officer	 provides a comprehensive student support program within the school environment offering counselling with students on a one-on-one basis or in a group setting. assists students with specific difficulties, acting as a mediator or providing information on other life skills. liaises with parents, teachers, or other external health providers as needed as part of the counselling process. 	
Positive Behaviour for Learning Coach	 oversees and coordinates the ongoing implementation and management of Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) framework. monitors student behaviour data and instigates whole-school intervention. 	
School-Based Youth Health Nurse	provides individual health consultations with assessment, support, health information and referral options related to:	

Year Level Coordinators	 relationships personal and family problems feeling sad, worried and angry sexual health smoking, alcohol and other drugs. responsible for student welfare at each year level. provide continuity of contact for students and their families throughout the six years of schooling. ensures students feel safe and comfortable and want to come to school. nurtures a sense of belonging to the year level and the school.
Youth Support Coordinator	 provides individual and, at times, group support to students to assist their engagement with education and training. supports students to overcome barriers to education such as attendance at school drug and alcohol support needs QCE/learning support suspension/exclusion/referral for behaviour support relationships/social skills conflict with family/peers/teachers social/emotional/physical wellbeing.
Head of Department - Inclusion	 coordinates transition (student with disability) to secondary for students moving from Year 6 to Year 7 and transitioning after graduation. monitors student attendance data, arranges intervention for verified students. liaises with all stakeholders to support students who require additional support for learning and wellbeing. coordinates with parents/carers, students, staff and external providers to support students with disability and EALD students.
School Chaplain	 promotes student wellbeing, particularly through the provision of pastoral care. has an educative role in the areas of beliefs, values, morals, and ethics. works as part of the School Support Team to facilitate connection into the school network and wider community of students who are suffering from bereavement, family breakdown or other crisis and loss situations.
International Coordinator	 coordinators the International student program and promotes an inclusive, positive school culture. monitors international student's attendance, behaviour and academic data to identify areas of additional need.

It is also important for students and parents to understand there are regional and statewide departmental support services as well as community based agencies that are also available to supplement the school network.

Parents who would like more information about the student support roles and responsibilities and available support services are invited to contact the school and speak to your child's year level Deputy Principal.



Whole School Approach to Discipline

Sunnybank State High School uses Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) as the multi-tiered system of support for discipline in the school. This is a whole-school approach, used in all classrooms, programs, playgrounds, interactions and activities offered through the school, including sporting activities and excursions. PBL is an evidence-based framework used to:

- Analyse and improve student behaviour and learning outcomes
- Ensure that only evidence-based practices are used correctly by teachers to support students
- Continually support staff members to maintain consistent school and classroom improvement practices.

At Sunnybank State High School we believe discipline is about more than punishment. It is a word that reflects our belief that student behaviour is a part of the overall teaching and learning approach in our school. Our staff take responsibility for making their expectations clear, for providing supportive consistent instruction about how to meet these expectations and strive to use behavioural incidents as opportunities to re-teach.

Our plan respects the rights and responsibilities of all members of our school community and outlines their role in the educational process whilst ensuring consistency and fairness for all. The development of the Sunnybank State High School Code of Conduct is an opportunity to explain the PBL framework with parents and students, and gain their support to implement a consistent approach to teaching behaviour. The language and expectations of PBL can be used in any environment including the home setting for students. Doing everything we can do to set students up for success is a shared goal of every parent and school staff member.

The following table outlines Sunnybank State High School Rights and Responsibilities for key stakeholders as part of our PBL framework:





SUNNYBANK SHS – RIGHTS AND RESPONSBILITIES



RIGHTS

All members of our school community have the right to:

- Be respected and recognised as an individual
- Be treated with fairness, courtesy and respect
- Work in a clean, safe and respectful environment.
- Be guided and supported through opportunities to improve their skills, abilities and experiences.
- Feel safe, respected, healthy and valued.
- Be proud of their individual and collective achievements.
- Have personal property respected by others.

RESPONSBILITIES

All members of our school community are expected to:

- Value difference and diversity, recognising the unique attributes, skills and abilities of others.
- Treat others with fairness, courtesy and respect.
- Demonstrate personal actions that contribute to a clean, safe, respectful and responsible school environment.
- Participate fully in all learning opportunities and strive to develop their skills, abilities and positive behaviours.
- Act in a safe, non-threatening and non-violent manner.
- Respect the property of others and the school.
- Follow all school policies and procedures.

STUDENTS

Students have the right to:

- Receive high quality teaching and learning
- · Learn without disruption
- Be informed about their progress and receive constructive feedback to improve their skills, abilities and behaviours.
- Respectfully raise concerns in an appropriate forum and at an appropriate time.

Students are expected to:

- Attend school every day and participate fully in their educational program.
- Respect all staff by following directions.
- Show initiative and take ownership for their own learning and behaviour.
- Participate in a manner that respects the rights of others to learn and teach.
- Behave and dress in a way that displays pride in their appearance, uniform and shows respect for themselves and their school.
- Seek and act on feedback to continually improve their skills, abilities and behaviours.

PARENTS/CAREGIVERS

Parents/caregivers have the right to:

- Expect quality education for their student(s).
- Be informed about their student's social and academic progress at school.
- Expect that their student will have the opportunity to participate fully in their educational program.
- Be informed of any educational or behavioural difficulties
- Be afforded the opportunity to engage appropriately in their student's education and decision making.
- Raise school related concerns in an appropriate manner with administration.

Parents/caregivers are expected to:

- Monitor and commit to their student's academic and social performance, growth and development.
- Ensure that their student attends on every school day, provides a note/telephone call to explain each absence and provides medical certification for missed assessment.
- Ensure that their student brings appropriate materials require for learning.
- Actively participate in their student's education and learning, working collaboratively with the school to achieve the best outcomes for their student.
- Initiate and maintain constructive communication and relationships with school staff regarding their student's learning and wellbeing behaviours.

STAFF

Staff have the right to:

- Provide quality education in a safe, supportive and respected environment
- Be supported to develop their personal and professional skills and abilities
- Feel valued and supported as a professional within the school community
- Cooperation and support from students and parents/caregivers.

Staff are expected to:

- Ensure high quality organisation and planning to provide relevant and challenging educational opportunities and programs to students that align with the school's pedagogical framework.
- Assess, report constructively and provide feedback on student learning.
- Create and maintain safe, supportive and respectful learning environments.
- Foster positive and productive relationships with students, families and communities.
- Commit to professional growth and development whilst supporting other staff with their learning.
- Model professional behaviour and attire at all times.
- Adopt school wide practices to promote consistency across the school.



PBL EXPECTATIONS

The Sunnybank PBL mission is to build a positive school behaviour culture through proactive whole-school systems, which explicitly define, teach and support students to develop positive behaviours. A common language is utilised by students, staff and community to discuss behaviour, values and expectations. The focus of prevention of behaviour incidents is guided by regular behaviour data analysis, goal setting and the implementation of proactive strategies by the PBL team. This allows teachers to maximise learning time, improve overall student outcomes and ensure that students have the skills and behaviours to be a productive member of the community.

Our staff are committed to delivering a high quality of education for every student, and believe all adults in the school, whether visiting or working, should meet the same three Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) HIGH EXPECTATIONS in place for students, Respect, Responsibility and Readiness.

These HIGH EXPECTATIONS look like:

Respect: We demonstrate respect when we behave in a considerate

and well-mannered way.

Responsibility: We demonstrate responsibility when we are accountable for

ourselves, our belongings and our environment.

Readiness: We demonstrate readiness when we are willing and prepared

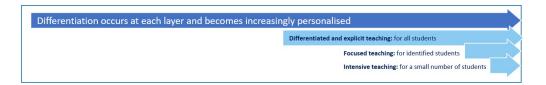
to participate in our schooling.

Differentiated and Explicit Teaching

Sunnybank SHS is a disciplined school environment that provides differentiated teaching to respond to the learning needs of all students. This involves teaching expected behaviours and providing opportunities for students to practise these behaviours. Teachers reinforce expected behaviours, provide feedback and correction, and opportunities for practise.

Teachers at Sunnybank SHS vary what students are taught, how they are taught and how students can demonstrate what they know as part of this differentiated approach to behaviour. These decisions about differentiation are made in response to data and day-to-day monitoring that indicates the behavioural learning needs of students. This enables our teachers to purposefully plan a variety of ways to engage students; assist them to achieve the expected learning; and to demonstrate their learning.

There are three main layers to our differentiation, as illustrated in the diagram below. The three layered model is applied the same whether being used for academic and pedagogy or behaviour. Tier 1 is differentiated and explicit teaching and reinforcing for all students, Tier 2 is focussed teaching for identified students and Tier 3 is intensive teaching for a small number of students. Each layer provides progressively more personalised supports for students.





A set of behavioural expectations in specific settings has been attached to each of our school high expectations. The high expectations teaching matrix below outlines specific behavioural expectations in school and community settings. It is used as the basis of teaching expectations throughout the year and revisited regularly to address any new or emerging issues.

	Time or Place	Place RESPECT RESPONSIBILITY		READINESS	
		Follow all staff instructions immediately Respect yourself and others Act/speak policity and respectfully to others at all times Respect the personal space and privacy of others Respect the personal space and privacy of others Respect the privacy of others. Keep hands, feet and other objects to yourself, including respecting others' equipment and belongings – 'hands off' Treat all property with respect Respect your school environment Leave your area tidy and clean Respect boundary areas Value the diversity and culture within our community		Be kind to everyone Attend school every day Be in the right place at the right time Wear your uniform correctly and with pride Ready to try to improve on your personal best Be ready for your learning by attending, activety participating and engaging in all school activities Discourage inappropriate behaviour Return required forms and payments on time	
TRAN from (RNING SPACES	Respect the rights of others to learn and teach Raise hand when your need to speak Hats off in school buildings Obtain teacher's permission to leave the classroom, note in diary and return promptly Use all equipment correctly Food and drink (water excepted) are to remain in school bags	Allow others to participate without interruption Be on time and prepared for all classes – bring necessary equipment Follow set classroom routines All mobile phones and personal electronic devices to be switched off and out of sight (unless directed by a teacher for educational purposes) Take pride in my learning by attempting all work to the best of my ability	Lined up outside of classroom by second bell Be prepared for learning with your diary, workbook and pen Be ready for class by removing your hat, headphones an placing your phone out of sight Meet all assessment, draft and completion, timelines To be open to constructive feedback	
TRAN	NSITIONS (movement to and classes)	Respectfully move throughout the school with minimal disturbances Keep to the left when using pathways/stairwells		Move toward class on the first bell	
	ASSEMBLY	Sit quietly in designated area and listen attentively Show respect for peers and staff by applauding appropriately Pay for all items you select	Turn off and put away all electronic devices Remove hat Only be in the area if you are buying food	Be on time and seated ready for the start of the assembl Be ready to pay when required	
CLASSROOM	TOILETS/BATHROOMS	Line up in a sensible manner and wait your turn Respect the privacy of others Treat facilities with respect; use toilets and wash basins appropriately	Report vandalism/damage immediately to Student Services Practice good hygiene by washing your hands	Move toward class on the first bell Report to detentions Wait quietly and in line for your turn	
NON	GROUNDS/OVALS OFFICE & STAFFROOMS DETENTION	Eat food in appropriate areas and place rubbish in bins Show courtesy and respect to others through words and actions	Share equipment/space and allow others to participate in activities Ball games played only on ovals/courts Non-contact games/sport only to be played Follow sign in and sign out process		
OFF CAMPUS	In community/Excursions/ To and From School	Always wear correct school uniform unless otherwise stated Respect the community by following all traffic laws and make sage choices using designated pathways and crossings	Uphold school positive reputation by displaying the school's 3R's in the community Follow school procedures signing in and out Follow transport Code of Conduct – pay fares	Return permission forms and make payments on time Come on time and prepared for excursion	
Cybe	rspace & Social Media	Report any unsafe online behaviour to Year Coordinators or DP's View and send only appropriate messages and information Only post images and words that will enhance yours and the school community's digital footprint	Protect your identity and be safe with those you interact with Follow Social and Digital Media User Agreement signed on enrolment Keep your password secret	Label, save and back up work Stay on task when using technology Follow laws and site policies	



To support the expectations matrix, we implement key processes to teach, reinforce and manage student behaviour on an ongoing basis. The intent of the key processes is to ensure that students are provided a transparent and consistent approach to the management of their behaviour within the classroom and school community. These processes include:

Classroom Expectations - outline to students how to act respectfully, responsibly and ready when:



CLASSROOM EXPECTATIONS



ENTRY

WHAT IT LOOKS LIKE

- · Arrive on time to class
- Wait quietly in 2 straight lines with required equipment including your diary, workbook and pen
- Hats removed and put away
- Enter room as directed by the teacher and take designated seat
- Ensure mobile phones and headphones are turned off and out of sight

IF YOU ARE LATE...

- Get your equipment out, knock and then wait at the door
- Provide a late slip if you are coming from Student Services

CLASS

WHAT IT LOOKS LIKE

- Follow teacher directions
- Write the learning goal into your workbook
- · Use polite and respectful language
- Stay on tasks and do your best work all lesson
- Raise your hand to ask and answer questions
- Remain seated unless discussed with your teacher
- Gain permission and an out of class pass in your diary/movement log to exit the classroom

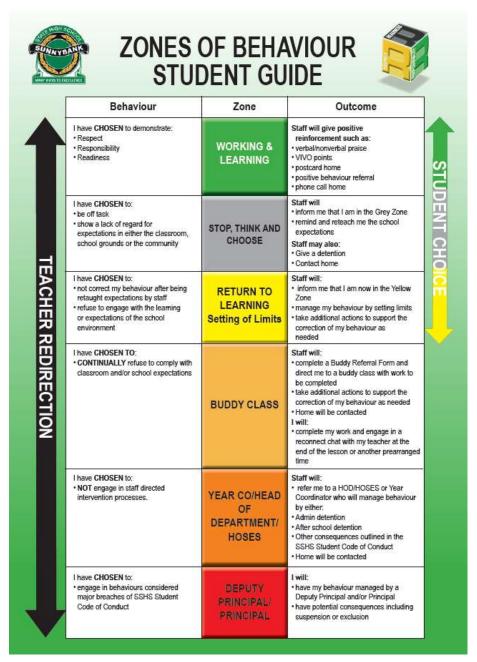
EXIT

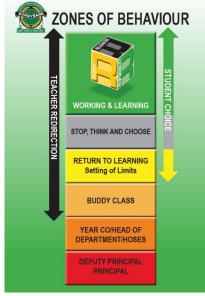
WHAT IT LOOKS LIKE

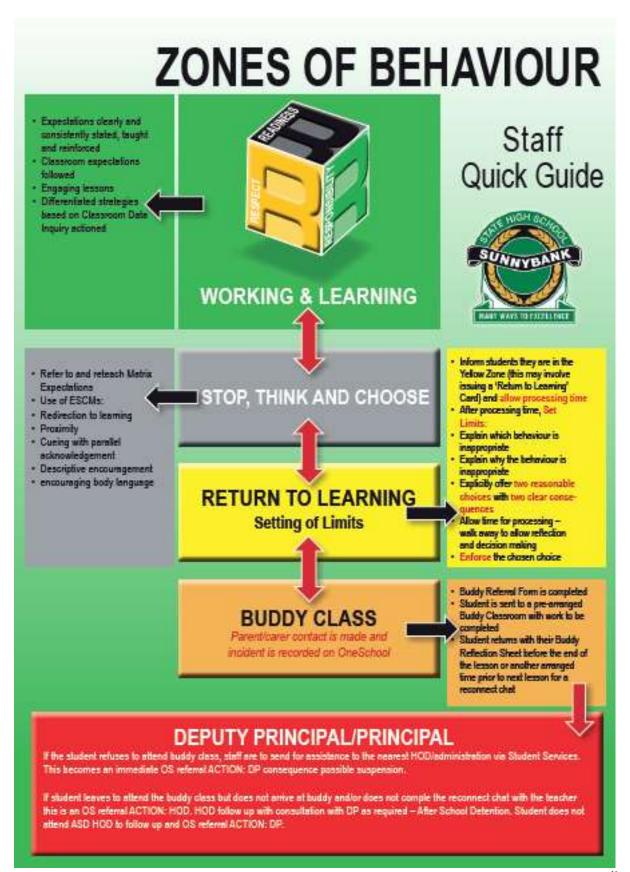
- Ensure all homework is written into your diary
- Pack up all materials
- · Return all furniture and equipment
- Leave the floor clean and free of rubbish
- Wait quietly for teacher direction to leave the classroom



Zones of Behaviour - This explicit model consistently guides both students and staff through the reinforcement and management of expected behaviours. When a student exhibits low-level and infrequent problem behaviour, the first response of school staff members is to remind and re-teach the expected school expectation. Staff then support the student to change their behaviour so that it aligns with Sunnybank's high expectations.









School Wide Positive Recognition Initiatives

At Sunnybank, communication of our key behavioural expectations is supported through reinforcement, which provides students with feedback and recognition for engaging in expected school behaviour. A formal recognition system which includes reinforcement initiatives has been implemented. This reinforcement system is designed to increase the quantity and quality of positive interactions between students and staff. All staff members are trained to give consistent and appropriate acknowledgement and recognition. These include:

- Verbal and nonverbal acknowledgment
- VIVO point system
- Communication with parent/carer
- Positive postcards home
- Reward Days
- Attendance Awards
- Semester Academic Awards
- Leadership Roles

A supportive school community where students learn in an environment that is physically, socially and psychologically safe has always been a priority at Sunnybank. Within this community we recognise the complex relationships that exist among:

- students
- · parents and care givers
- staff
- volunteers
- school community

Processes and procedures for upholding Sunnybank's Student Code of Conduct are defined in terms of the interlocking roles and relationships among:

- Support Personnel including Teacher Aides, other non-teaching staff Chaplain, School Based Police Officer, Youth Support Coordinator, Administration Staff, School Nurse and external agency staff
- Teachers
- Year Coordinators
- Heads of Departments/Head of Special Education Services
- Guidance Officers
- Deputy Principals
- Principal

Focused Teaching

Each year a small number of students, research shows approximately 15%, are identified through data analysis as needing additional support to meet behaviour expectations, even after being provided with differentiated and explicit teaching. In most cases the inappropriate or unacceptable behaviour may not be immediately regarded as severe, but the frequency of their behaviours may put these students' learning and social success at risk if not addressed in a timely manner. These students may have difficulty meeting behavioural expectations in a particular period of the day or as part of a learning area/subject, and focused teaching is provided to help them achieve success.

Focused teaching involves revisiting key behavioural concepts and/or skills and using explicit and structured teaching strategies in particular aspects of a behaviour skill. Focused teaching provides



students with more opportunities to practise skills and multiple opportunities to achieve the intended learning and expected behaviour.

Development and implementation of focused support is team based and aims to develop strategies that assist students to prevent or minimise the occurrences of identified behaviours. Focused behaviour support may occur around a specific setting, issue, student or group of students.

Some students in this targeted group are case managed. They attend their normal scheduled classes and activities with appropriate adjustments as required. However they have increased daily opportunities to receive positive contact with adults, additional support from them and increased opportunities to receive positive reinforcement. Where required, adjustments are made to the program through academic support, adult mentoring or intensive social skills training.

At Sunnybank State High School, Cohort Professional Learning Teams (PLTs) form part of the focussed teaching approach. The PLT work on a case management process underpinned by the inquiry cycle. Analysis of fortnightly cohort data is discussed by the PLT team and appropriate action and allocation of individual student case management is implemented, monitored and/or reviewed. PLTs are coordinated by a school-based team with active administrator engagement, key staff support and whole school staff communication and alignment.

Identified students involved in the case management approach could be engaged in the following example. Students attend their normal scheduled classes and activities with appropriate adjustments as required. However they have increased daily opportunities to receive positive contact with adults, additional support from them and increased opportunities to receive positive reinforcement. Where required, adjustments are made to the program through academic support, adult mentoring or appropriative focussed social skills programs. Where focused or individual support occurs this support is in alignment with our PBL framework and student services support matrix.

Sunnybank State High School has a range of Student Support Network staff in place to help arrange and deliver focused teaching to students who need more support to meet expectations. In addition, the school invests in multiple evidence-informed programs to address specific skill development for identified students.

For more information about these programs, please speak with the Year level Deputy Principal and/or Guidance Officer.

Intensive Teaching

Students whose behaviour does not improve, after focussed teaching, or whose previous behaviour indicates a need for specialised intervention, are provided with intensive behaviour support.

Research evidence shows that even in an effective, well-functioning school there will always be approximately 5% of the student population who require intensive teaching to achieve behavioural expectations. Intensive teaching involves frequent and explicit instruction, with individuals or in small groups, to develop mastery of basic behavioural concepts, skills and knowledge.



Some students may require intensive teaching for a short period, for particular behaviour skills. Other students may require intensive teaching for a more prolonged period. Decisions about the approach will be made based on data collected from their teacher or teachers, and following consultation with the student's family.

For a small number of students who continue to display behaviours that are deemed complex and challenging, then individualised, function-based behaviour assessment and support plans and multiagency collaboration may be provided to support the student. This approach will seek to address the acute impact of barriers to learning and participation faced by students who are negotiating a number of complex personal issues.

Students who require intensive teaching will be assigned a case manager at the school that will oversee the coordination of their program, communicate with stakeholders and directly consult with the student.



Legislative Delegations

Legislation

- Anti-Discrimination Act 1991 (Qld)
- Child Protection Act 1999 (Qld)
- Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992
- Commonwealth Disability Standards for Education 2005
- Criminal Code Act 1899 (Qld)
- Education (General Provisions) Act 2006
- Education (General Provisions) Regulation 2017
- Human Rights Act 2019 (Qld)
- Information Privacy Act 2009 (Qld)
- Judicial Review Act 1991 (Qld)
- Right to Information Act 2009 (Qld)
- Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000 (Qld)
- Workplace Health and Safety Act 2011 (Qld)
- Workplace Health and Safety Regulation 2011 (Cwth)

Delegations

Under the Education (General Provisions) Act 2006, state school principals are responsible for "controlling and regulating student discipline in the school".

Principals are afforded a number of non-delegable powers to assist them to meet this obligation, including the authority to suspend, exclude or cancel the enrolment of a student at the school. These decision-making responsibilities cannot be delegated to other staff in the school, such as deputy principals.

The details of these responsibilities are outlined in the legislative instruments of delegation and instruments of authorisation provided below:

- Education (General Provisions) Act 2006 Director-General's delegations
- Education (General Provisions) Act 2006 Minister's delegations
- Education (General Provisions) Act 2006 Director-General's authorisations
- Education (General Provisions) Regulation 2006 Minister's delegations
- Education (General Provisions) Regulation 2017 Director-General's delegations



Disciplinary Consequences

The disciplinary consequences model used at Sunnybank State High School follows the same differentiated approach used in the proactive teaching and support of student behavioural expectations.

The majority of students will be confident and capable of meeting established expectations that are clear, explicitly taught and practised. In-class re-teaching, expectations reminders, corrective feedback, positive reinforcements and sanctions may be used by teachers to respond to low-level or minor problem behaviours.

Some students will need additional support, time and opportunities to practise expected behaviours. Approximately 15% of the student population may experience difficulty with meeting the stated expectations, and even with focussed teaching, in-class re-teaching, expectations reminders, corrective feedback, positive reinforcements and sanctions continue to display low-level problem behaviour. A continued pattern of low-level behaviour can interfere with teaching and learning for the whole class, and a decision may be needed by the class teacher to refer the student to the Faculty Head of Department, Year Coordinator or Deputy Principal for determination of a disciplinary consequence.

For a small number of students, approximately 2-5%, a high level of differentiated support or intensive teaching is required to enable them to meet the behavioural expectations. This may be needed throughout the school year on a continuous basis. The determination of the need will be made by the principal in consultation with staff and other relevant stakeholders. On occasion the behaviour of a student may be so serious, such as causing harm to other students or to staff, that the principal may determine that an out of school suspension or exclusion is necessary as a consequence for the student's behaviour. Usually this course of action is only taken when the behaviour is either so serious as to warrant immediate removal of the student for the safety of others, and no other alternative discipline strategy is considered sufficient to deal with the problem behaviour.

The differentiated responses to problem behaviour can be organised into three tiers, with increasing intensity of support and consequences to address behaviour that endangers others or causes major, ongoing interference with class or school operations.

Differentiated

Class teacher provides in-class or in-school disciplinary responses to low-level or minor problem behaviour. This may include:

- Pre-correction or re-teaching of expectation (e.g. "Remember, walk quietly and respectfully to your seat")
- Non-verbal and visual cues (e.g. zones for behaviour and classroom expectations posters, hand gestures)
- · Whole class practising of routines and expected behaviours
- Positive reinforcement to students/classes demonstrating expected behaviours



- Corrective feedback and re-reaching of expectations(e.g. "In this class we respect others by please raising your hand when you want to ask a question")
- Use of Effective Classroom Management Skills (ESCM's) including:
 - Establishing the expectations PBL framework
 - Explicit behavioural instructions (e.g. "Pick up your pencil and complete the set task")
 - Waiting and scanning
 - Redirection of learning
 - Cueing with parallel acknowledgement
 - o Descriptive encouragement
 - Encouraging body language
 - Selective attending Tactical ignoring of inappropriate behaviour (not student)
 - Giving a choice
 - Following through
- Expectations reminders (e.g. "Remember our classroom expectations, be responsible, and wait quietly for my direction to exit the classroom when the bell goes')
- · Revised seating plan and relocation of student/s
- Individual positive reinforcement for appropriate behaviour
- Classwide incentives
- Proximity control
- Reminders of incentives or class goals
- Redirection
- Low voice and tone for individual instructions
- Give appropriate 'take-up' time for student/s to process instruction/s
- Reduce verbal language
- Break down tasks into smaller chunks
- Provide positive choice of task order (e.g. "Which one do you want to start with?")
- Prompt student to take a break or time out card if appropriate
- Model appropriate language, problem solving and verbalise thinking process (e.g. "I'm not sure what is the next step, who can help me?")
- Demonstrate and model expected behaviour
- Peer consequence (e.g. corrective feedback to influential peer demonstrating same problem behaviour)
- · Restorative discussion with student about expected behaviour
- Reprimand for inappropriate behaviour
- Warning of more serious consequences (e.g. removal from classroom)
- Lunchtime detention
- Phone call home

Focussed

Class teacher is supported by other school-based staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include:

- Functional Behaviour Assessment
- Individual student behaviour support strategies (e.g. Student behaviour plan)
- Targeted skills teaching in small group
- Token economy
- Detention
- · Counselling and guidance support
- Monitoring plan
- Check in/Check out strategy
- · Teacher coaching and debriefing
- Referral to Student Support Services team
- Case Management



Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies

Intensive

School leadership team work in consultation with Student Support Services team to address persistent or ongoing serious problem behaviour. This may include:

- Functional Behaviour Assessment based individual support plan
- Complex case management and review
- Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies including regional specialists
- Consultation with external support agencies
- Temporary removal of student property (e.g. mobile phone)
- Short term suspension (up to 10 school days)
- Long term suspension (up to 20 school days)
- Charge related suspension (student has been charged with a serious criminal offence is suspended from school until the charge has been dealt with by the relevant justice authorities)
- Suspension pending exclusion (student is suspended from school pending a decision by the Director-General or delegate (principal) about their exclusion from school)
- Exclusion (student is excluded from a particular state school site, a group of state schools or all state schools in Queensland for a defined period of time or permanently)
- Cancellation of enrolment for students older than compulsory school age who refuse to participate in the educational program provided at the school.

Minors and Majors Explained

At Sunnybank State High School we make systematic efforts to prevent inappropriate or unacceptable behaviour by consistently teaching and reinforcing expected behaviours. When behaviour incidents occur, it is important that consequences are transparent. The school seeks to ensure that responses to inappropriate or unacceptable behaviour are consistent, equitable and proportionate to the nature of the behaviour.

Ensuring consistent responses to problem behaviour at Sunnybank State High School, staff members authorised to issue consequences for problem behaviour are provided with appropriate professional development and/or training. Through training activities, we work to ensure consistent responses to problem behaviour across the school. Students also receive training in how to respond appropriately when other students display problem behaviour, and the courteous way to respond when a staff member.

Behaviour incidents are recorded on OneSchool.

Minor behaviours are those that are minor breaches of the school expectations and are generally dealt with by the supervising staff member at the time that it happens. Repeated breaches of similar behaviour will be referred for further action.

Major behaviours are those that significantly violate the rights of others to learn and be safe. Major behaviours are referred via One School Administration team depending on the level of seriousness of the major behaviour.





SUNNYBANK STATE HIGH SCHOOL



MINOR AND MAJORS BEHAVIOURS MATRIX

Minor Behaviour 'Zones of Behaviour' Staff Strategies:		Minor Behaviour Possible Consequences:	
Stop, Think and Choose Return to Learning	 Restate expectation Reteach expectation Verbal direction Individual discussion Setting of Limits (two choices with two clear consequences) 	 Use of Essential Skills for Classroom Management Change to seating plan Loss of privilege (i.e. unable to complete preferred task) Lunchtime detention 	
Buddy Class	Reconnect chat on return	Litter dutyPhone call home	

OneSchool Categories	Minor/Major Category	Behaviour Definition
Bullying/ harassment	Minor	Isolated low level verbal, physical, social behaviour that causes harm
	Major	Repeated pattern and/or persistent ongoing and deliberate misuse of power with verbal, physical, social or psychological behaviour that causes harm
Defiant/threat/s to adults	Minor	Indirect verbal or nonverbal behaviours directed towards a staff member/volunteer with no intent
		Threatening and/or intimidating direct verbal or non-verbal behaviours directed towards a staff member with intent
Disruptive	Minor	Low level but inappropriate behaviour which disrupts the learning of self and/or others but does not result in physical harm to self or others
	Major	Persistent inappropriate behaviour causing the teacher to stop teaching for prolonged period of time and/or disrupts the learning of self and/or others
deemed part of the dress code as per the Sunr Uniform and Dress Code; wearing the school u inappropriately Major Deliberate, ongoing breach of Sunnybank SHS		Isolated wearing of clothing or jewellery items that are not deemed part of the dress code as per the Sunnybank SHS Uniform and Dress Code; wearing the school uniform inappropriately
		Deliberate, ongoing breach of Sunnybank SHS Uniform and Dress Code; deliberate defacing of Sunnybank SHS uniform
IT misconduct	Minor	Using an electronic device in an unsafe, disrespectful or irresponsible manner that breaches minor components of the SHS Use of mobile phones and other devices by students and Use of IT systems policies

	Major	Serious breach of Sunnybank SHS Use of mobile phones and other devices by students and Use of IT systems policies	
Late	Minor	Isolated instances of lateness to class/events without explanation	
	Major	Repeated, intentional lateness to class/events without explanation; Persistent late arrival to school without explanation	
Lying/Cheating	Minor	Isolated instance of student communication that is untrue and/or intentionally misleading; cheating	
	Major	Intentionally misleading staff re: major breaches of behaviour or safety; intentionally violating the conditions of assessment items or plagiarism; information	
Misconduct involving object	Minor	Using an object in a way other than its intended purpose without the intention to cause minor physical damage or harm to another	
	Major	Using an object in a way other than its intended purpose with the intent or outcome to intimidate, cause physical, emotional or social harm to another or wilful damage	
Non-compliant with	Minor	Minor, non-adherence to basic school routines, procedures and staff instructions	
routine	Major	Deliberate refusal to adhere to school routines, procedures and staff instructions	
Other conduct prejudicial to the good order and management of school	Sunnybank SHS staff are not to use this One School category (DP/PRINCPAL ONLY)		
Physical misconduct	Minor	Inappropriate contact without intention to cause harm, which may include playful pushing, shoving, barging, roughhousing; not complying with 'hands off' policy	
	Major	Physical contact with the intent or outcome to cause harm to another, including punching, kicking, hitting, spitting; physical interaction that significantly violates another's rights; persistent low level physical misconduct	
Possess prohibited Items	Minor	Possession/utilising prohibited items with no intent to cause harm	
And	Major	Possession/utilising prohibited items with intent to cause harm or that have the capacity to cause harm	
Prohibited items			

Queensland Government

Property misconduct	Minor	Incorrect possession and/or use of equipment/property including own, others and school-owned materials in any context other than the purpose for which it was intended; unintentional but reckless behaviour that causes minor damage to equipment/property	
	Major	Possession of an item or items of significant value that belong/s to another person without the owner's permission; purposeful behaviour or misuse of equipment/furniture to cause damage/harm to self, others or property	
Refusal to	Minor	Non-engagement in learning task or activity	
participate in program of instruction	Major	Ongoing and repeated refusal to engage in program of instruction, non-attendance or non-submission of assessment items.	
Substance misconduct involving illicit substance	Major	Possessing, selling drugs, supplying, using or being under the influence of an illicit substance on school grounds including sharing of medication	
Substance misconduct involving tobacco and other legal substances	Major	Possessing, using or being under the influence of a legal substance on school grounds including sharing of medication	
Third minor referral	Major	Continued behaviour or action that has previously been discussed with the student at least three times despite parent contact, no attempt to improve behaviour is evident	
Threat/s to others	Minor	Any threats to peers not deemed to have intent or cause significant harm	
	Major	Any threat made to a member of the SSHS school community (staff/volunteers/parents/carers/visitors). Any threat made to peers with intent to cause significant harm	
Truant/skip class	Minor	Non-attendance at class – on school grounds truanting; leaving class without permission	
	Major	Repeated non-attendance in specific subject lessons; leaving class/school grounds without permission including lunch breaks; persistent truancy over multiple lessons in a day	
Verbal misconduct	Minor	Inappropriate language/indirect swearing in response to situation not directed at staff; low level inappropriate comments and/or unwanted verbal or emotional advances; minor name-calling not related to race, religion, gender identity, sexuality or other protected characteristic	
	Major	Aggressive, inappropriate language directed at a peer or staff member; vilification on the basis of race, religion, gender identity, sexuality or other protected characteristic	
		Any minor behaviour problem not listed in the other categories	
	Major	Any major behaviour problem not listed in the other categories	



Behaviours and a selection of possible related consequences are outlined below:



Zones of Behaviour Staff Support Document



Zone	Behaviour	Staff Actions
WORKING AND LEARNING Respect Responsibility Readiness	In this level, students are in a designated seating plan, on task and no disciplinary action is required. Students are demonstrating the 3 R's <i>Respect, Responsibility and Readiness</i> by meeting the Matrix expectations and following Classroom Routines. OR Students are demonstrating the 3 R's <i>Respect, Responsibility and Readiness</i> within the school grounds and the community.	Positive reinforcement of appropriate behaviours and positive achievements could include: • Verbal/non-verbal reinforcement • VIVO points • Post card home • Phone call/ email/ letter to parents acknowledging and reinforcing positive behaviours • Access to preferred activity • Tangible reinforcers eg. sticker, stamp NB: VIVO points are to be administered
STOP, THINK AND CHOOSE	In this level, student/s may be off task, or have shown a lack of regard for expectations in either the classroom, school grounds or the community. Student/s have the opportunity to correct their behaviour through the re-teaching of school expectations and support from the teacher. Inappropriate behaviours may include but are not limited to: • Lateness to class • Uniform infringements • Minor disruption and/or disengagement to teaching and learning • Inappropriate language (indirect) • Inappropriate use of digital devices • Minor harassing behaviours towards students/staff • Eating/drinking in classrooms • Minor Workplace Health and Safety incidents • Littering	every lesson Staff initiated actions need to include the explicit re-teaching of expectations and the use of ESCMs. -Cueing with parallel acknowledgement -Descriptive encouraging -Body language encouraging -Proximity -Redirection to learning Further actions may also include: • Adjusting of seating plan • Referral to Expectations Matrix and Classroom Routines • Student assigned to accompany teacher on playground duty / lunch break detention • Contact with parents Note: Some major behaviours may be referred immediately to Admin
RETURN TO LEARNING Setting of Limits	In this level, student/s have chosen not to correct their behaviour after being re-taught expectations and given support from the teacher to do so. Student/s are refusing to engage with the learning or expectations of the school environment.	Staff redirects student to task and informs them they are in the Yellow Zone (this may involve presenting students with a 'Return to Learning Card' containing reflection questions - classroom only). Once students have had sufficient processing time, staff set limits:

Non-compliance/not following the program of instruction may include but is not limited to:

- Continual disruption to teaching and learning
- Repeated harassing behaviours towards students/staff
- Habitual lateness to class
- Repeated uniform infringements
- Refusal to follow instructions including digital devices
- Continual eating/ drinking littering in learning areas
- Ongoing minor Workplace Health and Safety incidents

- 1. Explain which behaviour is inappropriate
- 2. Explain why the behaviour is inappropriate
- Explicitly offer two reasonable choices with two clear consequences (setting of limits)
- 4. Allow time for processing
- 5. Enforce the chosen consequence

Further to this the teacher should also make Parent/Carer contact.

Additional actions may include:

- Lunch break detentions
- Student/s assigned to accompany teachers on playground duty
- Instructing student/s to hand digital devices into Student Services
- Commencement of an in-class monitoring/support program
- Resolution meeting (which may include parents/carers)
- Peer mediation or restorative conference
- Checking the student/s One School record for patterns of behaviour

If a pattern of behaviour, **in a subject**, is identified (including multiple buddy class) and re-teaching of the expectations and/or repeated applications of the above actions produce no improvement in the student's behaviour, this is a OS referral ACTION: HOD FYI:DP

If a pattern of behaviour, across subjects, is identified (including multiple buddy class) and re-teaching of the expectations and/or repeated applications of the above actions produce no improvement in the student's behaviour, this is a OS referral ACTION: DP FYI: Year Co.

Minimum teacher actions required prior to referral:

- 1. Consequence with class teacher
- 2. Phone call or email to parent/carer

All actions for each incident to be FYI to HOD and recorded in OneSchool



Note: Some major behaviours may be referred immediately to Admin **BUDDY CLASS** In this level student/s have CONTINUALLY Using a Buddy Referral Form the student is refused to comply with staff limits and sent to a pre-arranged buddy classroom with classroom/school expectations. work to be completed. Student to attend designated buddy class, complete expected Repeated/continual inappropriate student work, and to reconnect with teacher either 5 behaviours may include but are not limited to: minutes before the end of class or another Ongoing disruption to teaching and arranged time prior to next lesson. learning following explicit setting of limits Teacher is expected to reinforce behavioural Repeated non compliance expectations during reconnect, record the Ongoing inappropriate language incident on One School and make contact (indirect) with the parent/ carer. Workplace Health and Safety infractions The referring teacher may also implement the following actions: Resolution meeting, potentially involving parent/carer Referral to/consultations with **HOD/HOSES** Initiate classroom/ playground plans Restitution Involvement of support staff if a pattern of behaviour is evident Loss of privileges eg. Reward days Consider referral for assessment/ specialist/interagency support If the student refuses to attend buddy class, staff are to send for assistance to the nearest HOD/administration via Student Services. This becomes an immediate OS referral ACTION: DP consequence possible suspension. If student leaves to attend the buddy class but does not arrive at buddy and/or does not complete the reconnect chat with the teacher this is OS referral ACTION: HOD. HOD follow up with consultation with DP as required – After School Detention. Student does not attend After School Detention HOD to follow up and OS referral ACTION: DP. **NB: RECORD ALL INCIDENTS, ACTIONS AND** CONTACTS INTO ONESCHOOL **HOD/HOSES** In this level, students/have chosen not engaging The referred HOD/HOSES may implement in staff directed intervention processes inside the following consequences: the classroom. monitoring sheet

NB: all minor classrooms behaviours are to be referred to HOD or HOSES

Inappropriate student behaviours **inside the classroom** are to be dealt with at this level may include but are not limited to:

- ongoing minor behaviours in the classroom
- referrals from class teachers for defiance/disruption/refusal to participate in program of instruction
- cheating/plagiarism with referral to relevant DP if necessary
- minor incidents of ongoing inappropriate language in the classroom
- Repeated buddy class referrals
- Failure to complete assessment

- resolution meeting
- referral to GO to access Student Support i.e. Learning Support, YSC, Chaplin, Guidance Officer,
- Individual Behaviour Support Plan
- Lunch or after school detention
- restitution
- parent contact
- interagency referral
- referral to Deputy Principal

NB: HOD/HOSES to record actions on One School

If a major behaviour is to occur in the classroom (i.e. refusal to hand phone into Student Services; swearing at a teacher) room and student refuses to follow direction etc, teacher is to send for support from Head of Department or Admin via Student Services

NB: RECORD ALL INCIDENTS, ACTIONS AND CONTACTS INTO ONESCHOOL

YEAR COORDINATOR

NB: all school

ground/community

referrals are to be

directed to Year

Coordinator

In this level, students/have chosen not engaging in staff directed intervention processes **outside the classroom**.

Inappropriate student behaviours **outside the classroom** are to be dealt with at this level may include but are not limited to:

- continued minor behaviours outside the classroom
- repeated defiance outside classroom
- minor bullying
- minor property misconduct
- minor possession of banned items
- minor incidents of inappropriate language outside the classroom

The Year Coordinator may implement the following consequences:

- monitoring sheet
- resolution meeting
- referral to GO to access Student Support i.e. Learning Support, YSC, Chaplin, GO
- Individual Behaviour Support Plan
- recess or after school detention
- restitution
- parent contact
- interagency referral
- referral to Deputy Principal

NB: Year Coordinator to record all incidents and actions on One School and FYI relevant Deputy Principal

DEPUTY PRINCIPAL/ PRINCIPAL

In this level, student/s have chosen not to engage in **staff directed intervention processes**.

Major behaviours and/or repeated/continual inappropriate student behaviours to be dealt with may include but are not limited to:

- Refusal to attend buddy class
- Refusal to follow mobile phone processes
- Harassment/intimidation/ threats towards students/ staff

Deputy Principal in consultation with Principal determines the most appropriate course of action which may include any of the following – reference is made to: Education (General Provisions) Act 2006 and SMS-PR-21: Safe, Supportive and Disciplined School Environment and School Student Code of Conduct. This list is not exhaustive and one or more responses may be applied depending on the situation:

Parent/Carers notified

NB: Serious misbehaviour such as supplying drugs, use of a weapon and violent assault always progress

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straight to the Principal and will likely result in the most serious of consequences

- Inappropriate language directed at staff
- Whole day and ongoing lesson truancy
- Unexplained absences
- Refusal to follow instructions
- Significant/Ongoing Uniform infringements
- Suspicion of prohibited items
- Verbal, physical, social or psychological behaviour that is harmful to others
- Repeated HOD/HOSES behaviour referrals
- Inappropriate use of electronic media as per the SSHS Responsible Behaviour Plan and Digital Media Policies
- Vandalism/graffiti/illegal entry/trespassing/ wilful damage
- Theft
- School invasion
- Pornography
- Vilification on the basis of race, sex, religion and/or sexual/gender orientation
- Possessing, taking/under the influence of, selling or supplying alcohol and/or drugs/implements/ illegal substances
- Smoking/possession of smoke implements (eg. lighter)
- Possession of weapons or objects of harm
- Physical assault/ sexual assault/ physical contact – staff, students, parents, community
- Dangerous/careless actions at school or while travelling to and from school – danger/ risk to self/ others
- Serious breaches of workplace health safety
- Unacceptable moral behaviour, inappropriate intimacy, sexual misconduct/harassment, sexual exposure
- Ongoing misuse of power through repeated verbal, physical and/or social behaviour that causes physical and/or psychological harm to others
- Wearing of items to identify attachment to and/ or involvement in gang related activities

- Lunch or After School Detention
- Administration interview
- Permanent/ temporary withdrawal from a class or activity
- Alternative program
- Loss of privileges
- Restorative mediation
- Restitution
- Counselling (internal /external agencies)
- Police notified
- External support provided
- Behaviour monitoring program
- Individual behaviour plan
- Restitution
- Restorative mediation
- 1-20 day suspension
- Recommendation for Exclusion

NB: RECORD ALL INCIDENTS, ACTIONS AND CONTACTS INTO ONESCHOOL



School Disciplinary Absences

A School Disciplinary Absence (SDA) is an enforced period of absence from attending a Queensland state school, applied by the Principal as a consequence to address poor student behaviour. There are four types of SDA:

- Short suspension (1 to 10 school days)
- Long suspension (11 to 20 school days)
- · Charge-related suspension
- Exclusion (period of not more than one year or permanently).

At Sunnybank State High School, the use of any SDA is considered a very serious decision. It is typically only used by the Principal when other options have been exhausted or the student's behaviour is so dangerous that continued attendance at the school is considered a risk to the safety or wellbeing of the school community.

Parents and students may appeal a long suspension, charge-related suspension or exclusion decision. A review will be conducted by the Director-General or their delegate, and a decision made within 40 school days to confirm, amend/vary or set aside the original SDA decision by the Principal.

The appeal process is a thorough review of all documentation associated with the SDA decision and provides an opportunity for both the school and the family to present their case in the matter. Time is afforded for collection, dissemination and response to the materials by both the school and the family. It is important that the purpose of the appeal is understood so that expectations are clear, and appropriate supports are in place to ensure students can continue to access their education while completing their SDA.

Re-entry following suspension

Students who are suspended from Sunnybank State High School may be invited to attend a re-entry meeting on the day of their scheduled return to school. The main purpose of this meeting is to welcome the student, with their parent/s, back to the school. It is not a time to review the student's behaviour or the decision to suspend, the student has already received a punishment through their disciplinary absence from school. The aim of the re-entry meeting is for school staff to set the student up for future success and strengthen home-school communication.

It is highly recommended that parents/carers attend a re-entry meetings to support students in their return following a suspension. Re-entry meetings support the student to successfully re-engage in school following suspension.

Arrangements

The invitation to attend the re-entry meeting will be communicated in writing and via telephone whenever possible. Re-entry meetings are usually short and kept small with only the Principal or their delegate attending with the student and their parent/s.

A record of the meeting is saved in OneSchool, under the Contact tab, including any notes or discussions occurring during the meeting.

Structure

The structure of the re-entry meeting may include points of discussions outlined below. If additional items are raised for discussion, a separate arrangement should be made to meet with the parent/s at a later date and time. This meeting should be narrowly focussed on making the student and their family feel welcome back into the school community.

Possible agenda:

- Welcome back to school
- Check in on student wellbeing
- Discussion of supports for the student that assist in re-engagement with schooling following suspension
- Offer information about supports available (e.g. guidance officer)
- Set a date for follow-up, if required



Reasonable adjustments

In planning the re-entry meeting, school staff will consider reasonable adjustments needed to support the attendance and engagement of the student. This includes selecting an appropriate and accessible meeting space, organising translation or interpretation services or supports (e.g. AUSLAN), provision of written and/or pictorial information and other relevant accommodations. The inclusion of support staff, such as guidance officers or Community Education Counsellors, may also offer important advice to ensure a successful outcome to the re-entry meeting.



School Policies

Sunnybank State High School has tailored school discipline policies designed to ensure students, staff and visitors work cooperatively to create and maintain a supportive and safe learning environment. Please ensure that you familiarise yourself with the responsibilities for students, staff and visitors outlined in the following policies:

- Temporary removal of student property
- Use of mobile phones and other devices by students
- Preventing and responding to bullying
- · Appropriate use of social media

Temporary removal of student property

The removal of any property in a student's possession may be necessary to promote the caring, safe and supportive learning environment of the school, to maintain and foster mutual respect between all state school staff and students. The temporary removal of student property by school staff procedure outlines the processes, conditions and responsibilities for state school principals and school staff when temporarily removing student property.

In determining what constitutes a reasonable time to retain student property, the principal or state school staff will consider:

- the condition, nature or value of the property
- the circumstances in which the property was removed
- the safety of the student from whom the property was removed, other students or staff members
- good management, administration and control of the school.

The Principal or state school staff determine when the temporarily removed student property can be returned, unless the property has been handed to the Queensland Police Service.

The following items are explicitly prohibited at Sunnybank State High School and will be removed if found in a student's possession:

- illegal items or weapons (e.g. guns, knives*, throwing stars, brass knuckles, chains)
- imitation guns or weapons
- potentially dangerous items (e.g. blades, rope)
- drugs** (including tobacco)
- alcohol
- aerosol deodorants or cans (including spray paint)
- explosives (e.g. fireworks, flares, sparklers)
- flammable solids or liquids (e.g. fire starters, mothballs, lighters)
- poisons (e.g. weed killer, insecticides)
- inappropriate or offensive material (e.g. racist literature, pornography, extremist propaganda).
- · energy drinks
- · permanent markers, metal rulers and correction fluid
- laser pointers
- shisha pens, vapours and e-cigarettes
- chewing gum
- water bombs
- tasers
- delivered food e.g. Uber eats, Pizza delivery, Menu log



- * No knives of any type are allowed at school, including flick knives, ballistic knives, sheath knives, push daggers, trench knives, butterfly knives, star knives, butter knives, fruit knives or craft knives, or any item that can be used as a weapon, for example a chisel. Knives needed for school activities will be provided by the school, and the use of them will be supervised by school staff. In circumstances where students are required to have their own knives or sharp tools for particular subjects or vocational courses, the school will provide information about the procedures for carrying and storing these items at school.
- ** The administration of medications to students by school staff is only considered when a prescribing health practitioner has determined that it is necessary or when there is no other alternative in relation to the treatment of a specific health need. Schools require medical authorisation to administer any medication to students (including over-the-counter medications such as paracetamol or alternative medicines).

Responsibilities

State school staff at Sunnybank State High School:

- do not require the student's consent to search school property such as lockers, desks or laptops that are supplied to the student through the school;
- may seize a student's bag where there is suspicion that the student has a
 dangerous item (for example, a knife) in their school bag, prior to seeking consent
 to search from a parent or calling the police;
- consent from the student or parent is required to examine or otherwise deal with
 the temporarily removed student property. For example, staff who temporarily
 remove a mobile phone from a student are not authorised to unlock the phone or to
 read, copy or delete messages stored on the phone;
- there may, however, be emergency circumstances where it is necessary to search a student's property without the student's consent or the consent of the student's parents (e.g. to access an EpiPen for an anaphylactic emergency);
- consent from the student or parent is required to search the person of a student (e.g. pockets or shoes). If consent is not provided and a search is considered necessary, the police and the student's parents should be called to make such a determination.

Parents of students at Sunnybank State High School:

- ensure your children do not bring property onto school grounds or other settings used by the school (e.g. camp, sporting venues) that:
 - is prohibited according to the Sunnybank State High School Student Code of Conduct
 - o is illegal
 - o puts the safety or wellbeing of others at risk
 - does not support a caring, safe, supportive or productive learning environment
 - o does not maintain and foster mutual respect;
- collect temporarily removed student property as soon as possible after they have been notified by the Principal or state school staff that the property is available for collection.

Students of Sunnybank State High School

- do not bring property onto school grounds or other settings used by the school (e.g. camp, sporting venues) that:
 - is prohibited according to the Sunnybank State High School Student Code of Conduct
 - o is illegal
 - o puts the safety or wellbeing of others at risk
 - does not support a caring, safe, supportive or productive learning environment
 - does not maintain and foster mutual respect;



 collect their property as soon as possible when advised by the Principal or school staff that it is available for collection.

Use of mobile phones and other devices by students

Digital literacy refers to the skills needed to live, learn and work in a society where communication and access to information is dominated by digital technologies like mobile phones. However, the benefits brought about through these diverse technologies can be easily overshadowed by deliberate misuse which harms others or disrupts learning.

This policy reflects the importance the school places on students displaying respect, responsibility and readiness whenever they are using personal technology devices. In consultation with the broader school community, Sunnybank State High School has determined that explicit teaching of responsible use of mobile phones and other devices is a critical component of digital literacy. The knowledge and confidence to navigate and use these technologies safely while developing digital literacy is a responsibility shared between parents/carers, school staff and students.

Use of mobile phones and other electronic devices

Mobile phones* and accessories (eg. headphones, airpods) cannot be used during class time unless a teacher has given permission for educational purposes.

During class time (including roll class, assemblies, detention and school activities/excursions), mobile devices:

- must be off and out of sight
- cannot be used to record images or video of other people
- cannot be used as a communication device (phone calls, facetime)
- · cannot be charged at school
- can only be used for educational purposes as directed by the teacher

During lunch breaks and before/after school, mobile devices:

- may be used as per Student Code of Conduct guidelines
- cannot be used to record images or video of other people
- cannot be charged at school

Note:

- Students are not permitted to bring standalone digital cameras and recording devices and bluetooth speakers to school
- All electronic devices are brought to school at student's own risk. Electronic devices that are
 lost or stolen will not be located by the school. Safe custody of electronic devices is provided
 at Student Services
- Parent/carers are requested to limit any communication by personal devices to out of class time. At no time are staff required to communicate with parents or caregivers via a student's mobile phone
- Special circumstances arrangement Students who require the use of an electronic device in circumstances that would contravene this policy (for example to assist with a medical condition or other disability or for a special project) should negotiate a special circumstances arrangement with the Deputy Principal or Principal.

Breach of the policy

- Any student breaching the policy will be required to hand in the item (mobile phone, headphones) to Student Services until the end of the school day. Students will be provided a slip from ID Attend at Student Services for security and collection purposes. Students will be required to show the ID Attend slip to the teacher upon reentry to class
- Students who refuse to follow teacher directions their behaviour will result in a Red Zone referral in accordance with the School's Student Code of Conduct



 Repeat behaviours or misuse of the electronic device (such as cheating, recording, distribution of offensive images) may see an increase in the severity of consequences as per the school's Student Code of Conduct

Statement of Intent

Students must display courtesy, consideration and respect for others when using a mobile phone or other electronic devices. Students may receive appropriate consequences, in accordance with School's Student Code of Conduct:

- for bullying or cyberbullying or other inappropriate online behaviour that occurs out of school hours, and affects the good order and management of the school
- download, distribute or publish offensive messages or pictures
- use obscene, inflammatory, racist, discriminatory or derogatory language
- use language and/or threats of violence that may amount to bullying and/or harassment, or even stalking
- insult, harass or attack others or use obscene or abusive language
- commit plagiarism or violate copyright laws
- ignore teacher directions for the use of social media, online email and internet chat
- knowingly download viruses or any other programs capable of breaching the department's network security

Handed in devices will be returned to students at the end of the day unless required to be kept for purposes of disciplinary investigation, when it will only be returned in the presence of a parent. Devices potentially containing evidence of criminal offences may be reported to the police. In such cases police may take possession of such devices for investigation purposes and students and parents will be advised to contact Queensland Police Service (QPS) directly.

Recording voice and images

Every member of the school community should feel confident about participating fully and frankly in all aspects of school life without concern that their personal privacy is being invaded by them being recorded without their knowledge or consent. We uphold the value of trust and the right to privacy at Sunnybank State High School. Students using personal technology devices to record inappropriate behaviours or incidents (such as vandalism, fighting, bullying, staged fighting or pranks etc) for the purpose of dissemination among the student body or outside the school, by any means (including distribution by phone or internet posting) builds a culture of distrust and disharmony.

Students <u>must not</u> record images anywhere that recording would not reasonably be considered appropriate (e.g. in change rooms, toilets or any other place where a reasonable person would expect to be afforded privacy). <u>Recording in class is not permitted</u> unless express consent is provided by the teacher. A student at school who uses a personal technology device to record (audio or video) private conversations, ordinary school activities (apart from social functions like graduation ceremonies) or violent, illegal or embarrassing matters capable of bringing the school into public disrepute is considered to be in breach of this policy.

Even where consent is obtained for such recording, the school will not tolerate images or sound captured by personal technology devices on the school premises or elsewhere being disseminated to others, if it is done for the purpose of causing embarrassment to individuals or the school, bullying or harassment, including racial and sexual harassment, or where without such intent a reasonable person would conclude that such outcomes may have or will occur.

Students may be subject to discipline (including suspension and recommendation for exclusion) if they breach the policy by being involved in recording and/or disseminating material (through text messaging, display, internet uploading or other means) or are knowingly the subject of such a recording.

Students should note that the recording or dissemination of images that are considered indecent (such as nudity or sexual acts involving children) are against the law and if detected by the school will result in a referral to QPS.

Text communication

The sending of messages, using a device, that contain obscene language and/or threats of violence may amount to bullying and or harassment or even stalking, and will subject the sender to discipline and possible referral to QPS. Students receiving such text messages at school should ensure they keep the message as evidence and bring the matter to the attention of the school office.

Assumption of cheating

As per our School's Assessment Policy electronic technology devices may not be taken into or used by students at exams or during class assessment unless expressly permitted by staff. Staff will assume students in possession of such devices during exams or assessments are cheating. Disciplinary action will be taken against any student who is caught using an electronic device to cheat during exams or assessments.

Recording private conversations and the Invasion of Privacy Act 1971

It is important that all members of the school community understand that under the Invasion of Privacy Act 1971, 'a person is guilty of an offence against this Act if the person uses a listening device to overhear, record, monitor or listen to a private conversation'. It is also an offence under this Act for a person who has overheard, recorded, monitored or listened to a conversation to which s/he is not a party to publish or communicate the substance or meaning of the conversation to others.

Students need to understand that some conversations are private and therefore to overhear, record, monitor or listen to such private conversations may be in breach of this Act, unless consent to the recording is appropriately obtained.

Security

Sunnybank State High School cannot take responsibility for the loss, damage or theft of any electronic devices that are brought onto the school grounds. The school would prefer that these devices were left at home, however, if students choose to bring them they must accept all risk associated with that decision.

ICT facilities

At all times students, while using ICT facilities and devices supplied by the school, will be required to act in line with the requirements of the Sunnybank State High School Student Code of Conduct. In addition students and their parents should:

- understand the responsibility and behaviour requirements (as outlined by the school's Use of IT Systems Policy) that come with accessing the department's ICT network facilities
- ensure they have the skills to report and discontinue access to harmful information if presented via the internet or email
- be aware that:
 - access to ICT facilities and devices provides valuable learning experiences for students and supports the school's teaching and learning programs
 - the school is not responsible for safeguarding information stored by students on departmentally-owned student computers or mobile devices
 - schools may remotely access departmentally-owned student computers or mobile devices for management purposes
 - students who use a school's ICT facilities and devices in a manner that is not appropriate may be subject to disciplinary action as per the Student Code of Conduct
 - despite internal departmental controls to manage content on the internet, illegal, dangerous or offensive information may be accessed or accidentally displayed
 - teachers will always exercise their duty of care, but avoiding or reducing access to harmful information also requires responsible use by the student.

Queenslar Governme

^{*}Electronic devices include but are not limited – mobile telephones; iPads; iPods; iWatch; Fitbits or like products; bluetooth devices; laptop computers; tablets; digital cameras; recording devices; speakers and devices of a similar nature

Preventing and responding to bullying

Rationale

Many bullying behaviours are peer-maintained through the actions of bystanders. That is, peers react to bullying in ways that may increase the likelihood of it occurring again in the future. Reactions include joining in, laughing, or simply standing and watching, rather than intervening to help the person being bullied.

Whilst our school would never encourage students to place themselves at risk, our anti-bullying procedures involve teaching the entire school a set of safe and effective responses to all problem behaviour, including bullying, in such a way that those who bully are not socially reinforced for demonstrating it.

The anti-bullying procedures at Sunnybank State High School are part of our school wide positive behaviour for learning framework. This means that all students are being explicitly taught the expected school behaviours and receiving high levels of social acknowledgement for doing so. Adding lessons on bullying and how to prevent and respond to it is a subset of procedures that our students are already accustomed to.

Prevention

Attempting to address specific problem behaviours will not be successful if the general level of disruptive behaviour in all areas of our school is not kept to a low level. Therefore, our school high expectations and Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) Framework practices will be maintained at all times.

This will ensure that:

- Our high expectation behaviour support processes will always remain the primary strategy for preventing problem behaviour, including preventing the subset of bullying behaviour
- All students are explicitly taught the three school expectations of Respect, Responsibility and Readiness which have been aligned to the expected behaviours in all areas of the school
- All students are receiving high levels of positive reinforcement for demonstrating expected behaviours
- A high level of quality active supervision is a permanent staff routine in the non-classroom
 areas. This means that duty staff members are easily identifiable and are constantly moving,
 scanning and positively interacting as they move through the designated supervision sectors
 of the non-classroom areas.

Ongoing PBL lessons, student diary information, assembly and parade addresses as well as staff explicit instruction reinforces our anti-bullying process. These processes also consist of lessons taught and made reference to by all teachers, especially during roll mark, to a school wide schedule of instruction. At all times simultaneous instruction during roll mark classes and school assemblies is our goal, in order to maintain consistency of skill acquisition across the school.

Sunnybank State High School uses the <u>Australian Student Wellbeing Framework</u> to promote positive relationships and the wellbeing of all students, staff and visitors at the school.

Our staff know student learning is optimised when they feel connected to others and experience safe and trusting relationships. Students who feel secure are more likely to be active participants in their learning and to achieve better physical, emotional, social and educational outcomes. Teachers who feel valued and supported are more likely to engage positively with students and build stronger connections within the school community. Parents who are positively engaged with their child's education leads to improved student self-esteem, attendance and behaviour at school. Enhancing the wellbeing of students and their educators delivers overall long-term social, health and economic benefits to the Australian community.

Sunnybank State High School has a Student Leadership Council, with diverse representatives from each year level meeting regularly with the school leadership team to promote strategies to improve



student wellbeing, safety and learning outcomes. The standing items on the agenda for each Student Leadership Forum are the core elements of the Australian Student Wellbeing Framework:



1. Leadership

Principals and school leaders playing an active role in building a positive learning environment where the whole school community feels included, connected, safe and respected.

2. Inclusion

All members of the school community actively participating in building a welcoming school culture that values diversity, and fosters positive, respectful relationships.

3. Student voice

Students actively participate in their own learning and wellbeing, feel connected and use their social and emotional skills to be respectful, resilient and safe.

4. Partnerships

Families and communities collaborating as partners with the school to support student learning, safety and wellbeing.

Support

School staff, students and families sharing and cultivating an understanding of wellbeing and positive behaviour and how this supports effective teaching and learning.

A priority for the Student Leadership Council is contributing to the implementation of strategies that enhance wellbeing, promote safety and counter violence, bullying and abuse in all online and physical spaces. The engagement of young people in the design of technology information and digital education programs for parents was a key recommendation from the Queensland Anti-Cyberbullying Taskforce report 2018, and at Sunnybank State High School we believe students should be at the forefront of advising staff, parents and the broader community about emerging issues and practical solutions suitable to different contexts.



Bullying

The agreed national definition for Australian schools describes bullying as

- ongoing and deliberate misuse of power in relationships through repeated verbal, physical and/or social behaviour that intends to cause physical, social and/or psychological harm;
- involving an individual or a group misusing their power, or perceived power, over one or more persons who feel unable to stop it from happening;
- happening in person or online, via various digital platforms and devices and it can be obvious (overt) or hidden (covert). Bullying behaviour is repeated, or has the potential to be repeated, over time (for example, through sharing of digital records);
- having immediate, medium and long-term effects on those involved, including bystanders. Single incidents and conflict or fights between equals, whether in person or online, are not defined as bullying.

Behaviours that do not constitute bullying include:

- mutual arguments and disagreements (where there is no power imbalance)
- not liking someone or a single act of social rejection
- one-off acts of meanness or spite
- isolated incidents of aggression, intimidation or violence.

However, these conflicts are still considered serious and need to be addressed and resolved. At Sunnybank State High School our staff will work to quickly respond to any matters raised of this nature in collaboration with students and parents.

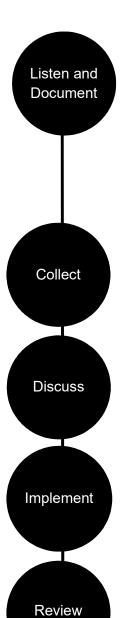
The following flowchart explains the actions Sunnybank State High School teachers will take when they receive a report about student bullying, including bullying which may have occurred online or outside of the school setting. Please note that the indicative timeframes will vary depending on the professional judgment of teachers who receive the bullying complaint and their assessment of immediate risk to student/s.



Bullying response flowchart for teachers

Key contacts for students and parents to report bullying:

- Roll teacher
- · Classroom teacher
- · Year Level Coordinator
- · Year level Deputy Principal



- Provide a safe, quiet space to talk
- Reassure the student that you will listen to them
- Let them share their experience and feelings without interruption
- If you hold immediate concerns for the student's safety, let the student know how you will address these. Immediate in this circumstance is where the staff member believes the student is likely to experience harm (from others or self) within the next 24 hours
- Ask the student for examples they have of the alleged bullying (e.g. hand written notes or screenshots)
- Record the communication with the student
- Check back with the student to ensure you have the facts correct
- Enter the record in OneSchool
- Notify parents/caregivers that the issue of concern is being investigated
- Gather additional information from other students, staff or family
- · Review any previous reports or records for students involved
- Make sure you can answer who, what, where, when and how
- Clarify information with student and check on their wellbeing
- Evaluate the information to determine if bullying has occurred or if another disciplinary matter is at issue
- Make a time to meet with the student to discuss next steps
- Ask the student what they believe will help address the situation
- Engage the student as part of the solution
- Provide the student and parent with information about student support network
- Agree to a plan of action and timeline for the student, parent and yourself
- Document the plan of action in OneSchool
- Complete all actions agreed with student and parent within agreed timeframes
- Monitor the student and check in regularly on their wellbeing
- Seek assistance from student support network if needed
- · Meet with the student to review situation
- · Discuss what has changed, improved or worsened
- Explore other options for strengthening student wellbeing or safety
- · Report back to parent
- · Record outcomes in OneSchool
- Continue to check in with student on regular basis until concerns have been mitigated
 Record notes of follow-up meetings in OneSchool
 - · Refer matter to specialist staff if problems escalate
 - · Look for opportunities to improve school wellbeing for all students



Cyberbullying

Cyberbullying is treated at Sunnybank State High School with the same level of seriousness as inperson bullying. The major difference with cyberbullying however, is that unlike in-person bulling, cyberbullying follows students into their community, their homes and their bedrooms, giving them no opportunity to escape the harassment or abuse during the evening, weekends or holidays.

In the first instance, students who wish to make a report about cyberbullying should approach a staff member or make a report via Student Services. Parents wishing to make a report should contact the relevant year level Deputy Principal for their child.

It is important for students, parents and staff to know that state school principals have the authority to take disciplinary action to address student behaviours that occur outside of school hours or school grounds. This includes cyberbullying. Parents and students who have concerns about cyberbullying incidents occurring during school holidays should immediately seek assistance through the Office of the e-Safety Commissioner or the Queensland Police Service.

Students enrolled at Sunnybank State High School may face in-school disciplinary action, such as detention or removing of privileges, or more serious consequences such as suspension or exclusion from school for engaging in behaviour that adversely affects, or is likely to adversely affect, other students or the good order and management of the school. This includes behaviour such as cyberbullying which occurs outside of school hours or settings, for example on the weekend or during school holidays. It also applies to inappropriate online behaviour of enrolled students that is directed towards other community members or students from other school sites.

Parents or other stakeholders who engage in inappropriate online behaviour towards students, staff or other parents may be referred to the Office of the e-Safety Commissioner and/or the Queensland Police Service. State school staff will be referred for investigation to the Integrity and Employee Relations team in the Department of Education. Any questions or concerns about the school process for managing or responding to cyberbullying should be directed to your year level Deputy Principal.



Sunnybank State High School - Cyberbullying response flowchart for school staff

How to manage online incidents that impact your school

Student protection

If at any point the principal forms a reasonable suspicion that a student has been harmed or is at risk of harm, they have a responsibility to respond in accordance with the Student protection procedure.

Explicit images

If the investigation involves naked or explicit images of children, staff should not save, copy, forward or otherwise deal with the content, as per the Temporary removal of student property by school staff procedure. This includes onto OneSchool records. Refer to the investigative process outlined in 'Responding to incidents involving naked or explicit images of children' from the Online Incident management guidelines.

Report

Refer to the Online incident management guidelines for more details, or if assistance is required, contact the Cybersafety and Reputation Management (CSRM) team on 3034 5035 or Cybersafety.ReputationManagement@qed.qld. gov.au.

Does the online behaviour/incident negatively impact the good order and management of the school?





1. Initiate an incident response

Start an incident management log (running sheet) which records times and dates of events, observations, tasks completed, persons involved and written conversational notes.

2. Collect evidence

Gather and preserve any evidence of the online content or a potential unlawful online behaviour, where legally permissible. Confiscation of digital devices can only be done under the Temporary removal of student property by school staff procedure.

3. Is there a potential crime?

The Queensland Criminal Code contains several applicable sections for cyberbullying. A list of potential relevant criminal offences can be viewed at Appendix 3, and include:

- unlawful stalking
- · computer hacking and misuse
- possession, distribution and making child exploitation material
- fraud obtaining or dealing with identification information
- criminal defamation.



Inform the student's parent/s (and student if appropriate) of their options:

- 1. Report the incident to an external agency such as police, Office o the eSafety Commissioner or the Australian Cybercrime Online Reporting Network
- 2. Report the online content/behaviour using the online tools provided by the website or app.

Principals may start contact with a law enforcement agency (LEA) by completing an LEA referral form, under the Disclosing personal information to law enforcement agencies procedure. Refer back to Step 3 to report potential crimes that do not negatively impact the good order of the school.



Principals may start contact with a law enforcement agency (LEA) by completing an LEA referral form. Information can be shared when reasonably satisfied the disclosure is necessary for the prevention, detection, investigation, prosecution or punishment of a criminal offence or to assist in averting a serious risk to the life, health or safety of a person or where the disclosure is in the public interest. For access to the relevant forms, refer to Disclosing personal information to law enforcement agencies procedure.

Principals may continue to investigate the matter for disciplinary purposes, subject to all laws and department procedures.



Content may not constitute a criminal offence requiring police involvement but it may negatively impact the good order and management of the school. Principals can take action for the online behaviour as outlined below

4. Take steps to remove the upsetting or inappropriate content

Request poster to remove, use online reporting tools or if assistance is required, contact the CSRM team or Office of eSafety Commissioner.

5. Managing student behaviour

Where the online behaviours of students do negatively impact the good order and management of the school, the principal must take appropriate follow-up action. Where appropriate:

- take statutory disciplinary action to address cyberbullying:
- that occurs outside of school hours or school grounds that also negatively affects the good order and management of the school (e.g. where the conduct, threats, intimidation or abuse have created, or would likely create a risk of, substantial disruption within the school environment, or where the conduct, threats, intimidation or abuse has or might reach school premises);
- that is undertaken on or originating from school premises during school hours, or by means of use of school ICT, concerning other students, staff or members of the school community;
- **OR** use non-statutory options to deal with the matter, for example:
 - discussion with student's parents;
 - student mediation; - apology;
 - ICT / mobile technology ban:
 - guidance referral

6. Student welfare

Principals must consider and support the wellbeing of any student who is displaying apparent negative effects from cyberbullying, by means of offering the student guidance officer support.

7. Recording the incident on OneSchool

If the incident was resolved at school-level, record details of the incident, as reported to the school and investigated through the incident management process, in the student's OneSchool behaviour record.



Cybersafety and Reputation Management (CRM)

The Department of Education employs a dedicated team of experts to assist in maintaining the integrity of the department's reputation with regards to cybersafety and reputation management issues, effectively leading the development and implementation of departmental cybersafety processes.

This team provides **direct support for schools** to respond to concerns of inappropriate online behaviour and misuse of information and communication technology.

The team provides a <u>guide for parents</u> with important information about cybersafety and cyberbullying, and suggestions about what you can do if your child is a target or responsible for inappropriate online behaviour.

The team has also developed a <u>Cyberbullying and reputation management</u> (Department employees only) resource to assist principals in incident management.

For more information about cybersafety sessions at your school, or for assistance with issues relating to online behaviour, contact the team (Department employees only).

Student Intervention and Support Services

Sunnybank State High School recognises the need to provide intervention and support to all students involved in incidents of bullying, including cyberbullying.

Students who have been subject or witness to bullying have access to a range of internal support staff, as identified in the Student Support Network section earlier in this document. Students are, however, also encouraged to approach any staff member with whom they feel comfortable sharing their concerns, regardless of their role in the school. All staff at Sunnybank State High School are familiar with the response expectations to reports of bullying, and will act quickly to ensure students' concerns are addressed. Depending on the nature of the reported bullying incident, a formal plan of action may be developed and documented to support the implementation of strategies to assist the student.

Students who engage in bullying behaviours towards others will also be provided with support to assist them to use more socially acceptable and appropriate behaviours in their interactions. This includes counselling, social development programs, referral to mental health services or involvement in a restorative justice strategy. School disciplinary measures may also be used to reinforce the seriousness with which the community takes all incidents of bullying. These measures may include internal school suspension, withdrawal from social events or celebrations or more severe punishments such as suspension or exclusion from school.



Appropriate use of social media

The internet, mobile phones and social media provide wonderful opportunities for students to network and socialise online. While these technologies provide positive platforms for sharing ideas, they also have the potential to cause pain and suffering to individuals, groups or even whole communities.

It's important to remember that sometimes negative comments posted about the school community have a greater impact than expected. This guide offers some information about how to use social media in relation to comments or posts about the school community. Reputations of students, teachers, schools, principals and even parents can be permanently damaged — and in some cases, serious instances of inappropriate online behaviour are dealt with by police and the court system.

Being aware of a few simple strategies can help keep the use of social media positive and constructive:

- Before you post something online, ask yourself if the community or individual really need to know. Is it relevant, positive and helpful?
- Remember that what you post online is a direct reflection of who you are.
 People will potentially form lasting opinions of you based on what you post online
- Be a good role model. If things get heated online consider logging out and taking a few moments to relax and think. Hasty, emotive responses could inflame situations unnecessarily.
- Be mindful when commenting, try to keep general and avoid posting anything that could identify individuals.
- A few years ago parents may have discussed concerns or issues with their friends at the school gate. Today with the use of social media, online discussions between you and your close friends can very quickly be shared with a much wider audience, potentially far larger than intended.
- Taking a few moments to think about the content you are about to post could save upset, embarrassment, and possible legal action.
- As a parent you have a role in supervising and regulating your child's online activities at home and its impact on the reputation and privacy of others. Parents are their child's first teachers — so they will learn online behaviours from you.

Is it appropriate to comment or post about schools, staff or students?

Parental and community feedback is important for schools and the department. If you have a compliment, complaint or enquiry about an issue at school, the best approach is to speak directly to the school about the matter, rather than discussing it in a public forum.

While many schools use social media to update parents of school notices, the department prefers that parents contact schools directly with a compliment, complaint or enquiry due to privacy considerations.

If you have raised an issue with a school or know that another person has, consider refraining from discussing those details on social media, particularly the names of anyone involved.

Keep comments calm and polite, just as you would over the telephone or by email. If you encounter negative or derogatory content online which involves the school, hinders a child's learning and/or affects the school community at large, contact the school principal.

Possible civil or criminal ramifications of online commentary

A serious instance of inappropriate online behaviour may constitute a criminal offence and become a police matter. For example, online content may substantiate the offence of 'using a carriage service to menace, harass or cause offence' (Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cth) s. 474.17). School staff may contact their union or obtain personal legal advice if they feel that online content seriously impacts their reputation. Defamatory online content may give rise to litigation under the Defamation Act 2005 (Qld)

What about other people's privacy?

If you upload photos of your children, be mindful of who might be in the background. You might be happy to share your child's successes with your friends and family via social media, but some parents are not. If you are tagging or naming students, consider that other parents may not want their child's name attached to images online.

What if I encounter problem content?

Taking the following steps may help resolve the issue in a constructive way:

- refrain from responding
- take a screen capture or print a copy of the concerning online content
- if you consider problem content to be explicit, pornographic or exploitative
 of minors, you should keep a record of the URL of the page containing that
 content but NOT print or share it. The URL can be provided to the school
 principal, or police, as needed for escalation of serious concerns
- block the offending user
- report the content to the social media provider.

Hands Off Policy

Sunnybank State High School is a 'hands-off' school. No student is to touch another student in a manner determined as inappropriate by staff. This document is a statement of what that means.

Detail:

Students must not touch other students at any time, including (but not limited to):

- contact of a sexual nature
- any form of physical violence toward another student
- shows of affection (e.g. holding hands, tickling, hugging, arms around shoulders)
- play or mock fighting (e.g. wrestling, punching, grabbing, pushing)
- contact that is meant to tease or bully
- physical proximity meant to intimidate.

Note: It is understood that physical contact with another student may be incidental and unintended, or indeed be a part of a curriculum activity (e.g.sport). It is also understood that physical contact with another student may be warranted e.g. in the prevention of violence or injury.

Students who are observed inappropriately touching another student will be instructed to stop, and if necessary, referred to the Deputy Principal for action in accordance with our Student Code of Conduct. Likewise, school staff are expected to follow the guidelines of the Department's Code of Conduct and Student Protection policies regarding physical contact with students. Copies of these policies are available from administration.



Restrictive Practices

School staff at Sunnybank State High School need to respond to student behaviour that presents a risk of physical harm to the student themselves or others. It is anticipated that most instances of risky behaviour can be de-escalated and resolved quickly. On some rarer occasions, a student's behaviour may continue to escalate and staff need to engage immediately with positive and proactive strategies aimed at supporting the student to manage their emotional arousal and behaviour.

In some very rare situations, where there is immediate risk of physical harm to the student or other people, and when all other alternative strategies have failed to reduce the risk, it may be necessary for staff to use restrictive practices.

The use of restrictive practices will always be as a last resort, when there is no other available option for reducing immediate risk to the student, staff or other people. Restrictive practices are not used for punishment or as a disciplinary measure.

The department's **Restrictive practices procedure** is written with consideration for the protection of everyone's human rights, health, safety and welfare. There are six fundamental principles:

- 1. Regard to the human rights of those students
- 2. Safeguards students, staff and others from harm
- 3. Ensures transparency and accountability
- 4. Places importance on communication and consultation with parents and carers
- 5. Maximises the opportunity for positive outcomes, and
- 6. Aims to reduce or eliminate the use of restrictive practices.

Very rarely restrictive practices will be planned and staff will employ, when necessary, pre-arranged strategies and methods (of physical restraint/ mechanical restraint/ clinical holding) which are based upon behaviour risk assessment or clinical health need and are recorded in advance. The use of planned strategies will only be where there is foreseeable immediate risk consistent with the **Restrictive practices procedure**.

Seclusion will not be used as a planned response and will only be used in serious circumstances for managing an unforeseeable situation in an emergency. It will be used for the shortest time possible and in a safe area that presents no additional foreseeable risk to the student. In such emergencies, a staff member will observe the student at all times and seclusion will cease as soon as possible.

Following the use of any restrictive practice, a focused review will help staff to understand how they responded to the risk in any incident that involved the use of a restrictive practice. Staff will consider whether there are other options for managing a similar situation in the future. This strategy works well for reducing the use of restrictive practices.

All incidents of restrictive practices will be recorded and reported in line with departmental procedures.



Critical Incidents

It is important that all school staff have a consistent understanding of how to respond in emergencies involving student behaviour that seriously endangers the student or others. This consistency ensures that appropriate actions are taken to ensure that both students and staff are kept safe.

A critical incident is defined as an occurrence that is sudden, urgent, and usually unexpected, or an occasion requiring immediate action (e.g. in the community, on the road). The aim in these situations is to bring the behaviour of the student under rapid and safe control. It is not a time to try to punish or discipline the student; it is a crisis management period only.

Staff should follow the documented plan for any student involved in regular critical incidents, which should be saved and available for staff to review in OneSchool.

For unexpected critical incidents, staff should use basic defusing techniques:

- Avoid escalating the problem behaviour: Avoid shouting, cornering the student, moving into the student's space, touching or grabbing the student, sudden responses, sarcasm, becoming defensive, communicating anger and frustration through body language.
- Maintain calmness, respect and detachment: Model the behaviour you want students to adopt, stay calm and controlled, use a serious measured tone, choose your language carefully, avoid humiliating the student, be matter of fact and avoid responding emotionally.
- 3. Approach the student in a non-threatening manner: Move slowly and deliberately toward the problem situation, speak privately to the student/s where possible, speak calmly and respectfully, minimise body language, keep a reasonable distance, establish eye level position, be brief, stay with the agenda, acknowledge cooperation, withdraw if the situation escalates.
- 4. Follow through: If the student starts displaying the appropriate behaviour briefly acknowledge their choice and re-direct other students' attention towards their usual work/activity. If the student continues with the problem behaviour, then remind them of the expected school behaviour and identify consequences of continued unacceptable behaviour.
- **5.** Debrief: At an appropriate time when there is low risk of reescalation, help the student to identify the sequence of events that led to the unacceptable behaviour, pinpoint decision moments during the sequence of events, evaluate decisions made, and identify acceptable decision options for future situations.



Related Procedures and Guidelines

These are related procedures or guidelines which school staff use to inform decisions and actions around matters associated with students wellbeing, behaviour and learning. This may include reference to:

- · Cancellation of enrolment
- · Complex case management
- Customer complaints management policy and procedure
- Disclosing personal information to law enforcement agencies
- Enrolment in state primary, secondary and special schools
- Hostile people on school premises, wilful disturbance and trespass
- Inclusive education
- Police and Child Safety Officer interviews and searches with students
- Restrictive practices
- Refusal to enrol Risk to safety or wellbeing
- Student discipline
- Student uniform and dress code
- Student protection
- Supporting students' mental health and wellbeing
- · Temporary removal of student property by school staff
- Use of IT systems
- Appropriate use of social media
- Use of mobile phones and other devices by students

Resources

- Australian Professional Standards for Teachers
- Behaviour Foundations professional development package (school employees only)
- Bullying. No Way!
- <u>eheadspace</u>
- Kids Helpline
- Office of the eSafety Commissioner
- Parent and community engagement framework
- Parentline
- Queensland Department of Education School Discipline
- Raising Children Network
- Student Wellbeing Hub



Conclusion

Sunnybank State High School staff are committed to ensuring every student is supported to feel safe, welcome and valued in our school. There may, however, be occasions where parents need to raise a concern or make a complaint about an issue you feel is adversely affecting your child's education.

All Queensland state schools are committed to ensuring that all complaints - whether they relate to a school staff member or a school's operations - are dealt with in a fair and equitable manner. As a parent or carer, you can express dissatisfaction with the service or action of the Department of Education or its staff, including decisions made or actions taken in a school and/or by the local regional office.

As a complainant, it is your responsibility to:

- give us a clear idea of the issue or concern and your desired solution
- provide all the relevant information when making the complaint
- understand that addressing a complaint may take time
- cooperate respectfully and understand that unreasonable, abusive, or disrespectful conduct will not be tolerated
- let us know if something changes, including if help is no longer needed.

The Department of Education may not proceed with your complaint if your conduct is unreasonable.

In most instances, staff members are told of complaints made about them and offered the right of reply. A complainant also has the right to have a support person throughout the process.

The following three-step approach assists parents and school staff in reaching an outcome that is in the best interests of the student:

1. **Early resolution**: discuss your complaint with the school

The best place to raise any concerns is at the point where the problem or issue arose. You can make an appointment at the school to discuss your complaint with the year level deputy principal or the principal. You are also welcome to lodge your complaint in writing or over the phone. You can also make a complaint through QGov.

Complaints may be lodged by telephone, writing or in electronic format. Email addresses can be accessed through the <u>schools directory</u>.

2. Internal review: contact the local Regional Office

If, after taking the early resolution step, you are dissatisfied with the outcome of your complaint or how the complaint was handled, you can ask the local regional office to conduct a review. You need to submit a Request for internal review form within 28 days of receiving the complaint outcome.

3. External review: contact a review authority

if you are dissatisfied after the internal review, you may wish to contact a review authority, such as the Queensland Ombudsman, and request an independent, external review. More information about external review options is available at www.ombudsman.qld.gov.au.



Some matters need to be handled in a different way to school matters and will be referred to other areas in the department. These include:

- issues about harm, or risk of harm, to a student attending a state school, which must be managed in accordance with the <u>Student protection procedure.</u>
- complaints about corrupt conduct, public interest disclosures; or certain decisions made under legislation, which will be dealt with as outlined in the Excluded complaints factsheet.

